

Warpage minimization of structural component with glass fiber reinforced polymer by using HRS's FlexFlow technology: a practical case



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FlexFlow Technology

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Pessionfor expertise

Confidential

HRSflow advanced Development support



**Innovations** FLEXflow electric servo-driven valve gate system



**Application experience and solutions** Color change, Mucell, LFG, in mould labelling...



**Tooling & Hot runner concepts and solutions** Angled nozzle, Stack molds, SLM (Selective Laser Melting), ERMO in-house tool shop experience



**Moldflow** Gating, fill&pack, warpage, Moldflow specialist, HRSflow silver cerificate



**High Knowledge of injection process** 20 injection machines available worldwide





## Our worldwide production plants

Italy - San Polo di Piave 50km north of Venice





China – Hangzhou 175km south west of Shanghai



USA- Michigan – Grand Rapids 250km west of Detroit







SALES/SERVICE BRANCHES AND OFFICES

- ✓ 15 Rheological analysis specialists
- ✓ 4 Senior Engineer Autodesk Professional Level Certified
- $\checkmark$  5 CAE centers on different jet lag
- $\checkmark$  Top Autodesk Moldflow and Moldex 3D licenses

Our experts are in the major production centers:

- Italy (EMEA)
- China/India (APEC)
- Canada/USA (NAFTA)
- Brazil (MERCOSUR)





# OUR EXPERTISE: SKILLED TEAM

Know-how:

- Mold design
- Hot runners design
- Injection molding process
- Polymers know-how



- ✓ Reduced cycle time
- ✓ Warpage control
- ✓ Excellent aesthetical quality
- $\checkmark$  Optimal tonnage for the molding machine
- ✓ Molding process stability

# A good result starts from a correct definition from the beginning



- Cooling
- Filling
- Packing
- Fiber Orientation
- Warpage
- Co-injection
- Injection-compression
- Overmolding
- Gas Injection
- Insert Molding









![](_page_8_Picture_3.jpeg)

### FLEXflow – The servo-driven valve gate system

![](_page_9_Picture_1.jpeg)

- What? The FLEXflow is an innovative electric servo-driven valve gate system
- **Output?** obtain accurate, easy and flexible **pressure and flow rate control** during the injection process
- How? through an independent adjustment of each valve pin during opening and closing phases, with a precise control of **position**, **stroke**, **velocity and acceleration**.

![](_page_9_Picture_5.jpeg)

#### Comparison Between Traditional Hydraulic system and FLEXflow system

![](_page_10_Picture_1.jpeg)

# TRADITIONAL HYDRAULIC VALVE GATE SYSTEM

![](_page_10_Picture_3.jpeg)

#### The 3-D video about the comparison you will find here:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=W1rxcO95d\_A

![](_page_10_Picture_6.jpeg)

# Tip optimized for fine pressure regulation

![](_page_11_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Picture_3.jpeg)

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![](_page_12_Figure_0.jpeg)

Opening and closing settings - Max 8 steps can be setted

Sequence parameters based on time or screw position or pressure value in the cavity

Possiblity to handle up to 2 different injection units on the same IMM.

![](_page_12_Picture_4.jpeg)

# FLEXflow - applications for sequential injection

![](_page_13_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_14_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_14_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_14_Picture_3.jpeg)

#### FLEXflow for a roof frame

![](_page_15_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_15_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_15_Picture_4.jpeg)

#### System Layout

![](_page_16_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_16_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_16_Picture_3.jpeg)

Part weight: 2150g Part size: 1120mm x 830mm Material: SMA + 30% GF Hot Runner: 12 sequential conical valve gate Series : Aa series

![](_page_16_Picture_5.jpeg)

Part dimension: 1120 mm x 830 mm Average thickness: 3 mm Dual Domain Mesh with 150K elements Runners modeled as Beam Material Xiran SG260: Moldflow tested FlexFlow settings applied on tips

Due to high part stiffness and material properties cooling simulations has been proved not to impact the overall deflection so has been not reported here.

![](_page_17_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_17_Picture_4.jpeg)

#### Simulation Results

![](_page_18_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### **Deflection traditional**

Deflection, all effects:Z Component Scale Factor = 1.000

![](_page_19_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Picture_3.jpeg)

- 0 %

#### **Deflection FlexFlow**

Deflection, all effects:Z Component Scale Factor = 1.000

![](_page_20_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Figure_3.jpeg)

expertise

![](_page_21_Figure_1.jpeg)

The effect of FlexFlow is visible on glass fiber orientation which is partially different in same areas leading to smaller warpage

![](_page_21_Picture_3.jpeg)

# Deflection comparision

![](_page_22_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Picture_3.jpeg)

### Deflection traditional

Due to glass fibers orientation and uneven inner pressure profile, the warpage on the frame was significantly out of tolerance.

![](_page_23_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Picture_3.jpeg)

by courtesy of

with special thanks to

![](_page_23_Picture_6.jpeg)

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![](_page_23_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_25_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_26_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_26_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_26_Picture_3.jpeg)

Two different simulation have been run considering the same process settings of trials using both a traditional approach (valve pin open close always at maximum velocity and stroke) and FlexFlow capalibity (with custom set of strokes and velocity for each valve pin).

The second obtained by simulations have been compared with real measurement of molded samples. The comparison is not matching 100% as deflection value and direction is not the same but clearly show that the tendency in deflection reduction with FlexFlow is real.

Next steps will include a few optimization of model:

- Introduction of initial fiber lenght distribution
- Modification of fiber model
- Tool deflection consideration
- Thermal modelling of gates

![](_page_27_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Picture_3.jpeg)