The benefits of using the Architecture toolset in AutoCAD
Introduction

The Architecture toolset (previously referred to as AutoCAD Architecture®) is now included with AutoCAD® as a specialized toolset. It is built specifically to create and modify software-based design and documentation productivity for architects.

Purpose-built architectural design tools help eliminate errors and provide accurate information to the user, allowing more time for architectural design. This study details the productivity gains that users may experience when using AutoCAD with the Architecture toolset rather than just basic AutoCAD when designing and documenting a building.

Executive summary

Designed by Autodesk and commissioned to an independent consultant, this study explores common architectural design challenges when preparing construction documents in basic AutoCAD and the potential productivity gains by using the Architecture toolset. A set of design documents were recreated using both basic AutoCAD and AutoCAD with the Architecture toolset, with tasks ranging from drawing floor plans and sections to creating details and making revisions. The Architecture toolset provided a 61% overall productivity gain over the time taken to accomplish the demonstrated tasks in basic AutoCAD (depending on user expertise level with the Architecture toolset).
Key findings

Using the Architecture toolset:

Faster
Creation of floor plans was **53%** faster.

Reduced
The time taken to create architectural elevations was reduced by **79%**.

Saved
Detailing and scheduling time was reduced by up to **70%**.

Gained
There was an overall productivity gain of **61%**.
The study

This study explored nine common design challenges and showed direct comparisons of the time and effort required to accomplish each specific task in basic AutoCAD versus with the Architecture toolset.*

The same tasks were completed up to 79% faster using AutoCAD with the Architecture toolset.*

The performance results in this paper were achieved by one user, with expert-level experience, using both basic AutoCAD and AutoCAD with the Architecture toolset and conducting comparative tests on the same sample AutoCAD project of a small one-story village school. The tasks are comprehensive in nature. The total time it took to complete each task using both basic AutoCAD and AutoCAD with the Architecture toolset is documented in each case.

It was assumed during the study that all symbols and title blocks needed in basic AutoCAD for the design process were local to the document. Searching time is subjective and the methodologies allowed for the quick placement of required blocks in the shortest amount of time possible.

A detailed description of the study follows.
Design task 1

Floor plans

When working with basic AutoCAD, a set of construction documents created by the architect would begin with the floor plans. Before that process starts, any styles and symbols that will be used need to be created and developed: text styles, dimension styles, standard blocks, etc. This includes building objects, such as wall styles, doors, windows columns, beams, and symbols, such as tags, used to identify rooms and the building objects themselves.

The Architecture toolset includes a huge library of thousands of predefined building objects added to tool palettes. These objects can also be customized to suit the individual project if needed. The task was to develop floor plans for a simple building project.

Steps

1. Create a ground floor plan
2. Add appropriate walls, doors, and windows as well as set out internal fixtures (furniture)
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Floor plans</th>
<th>AutoCAD</th>
<th>Architecture toolset</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Set up project</td>
<td>10:00</td>
<td>15:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create a structural grid</td>
<td>45:00</td>
<td>40:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create wall outlines</td>
<td>15:00</td>
<td>10:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create custom windows and doors</td>
<td>60:00</td>
<td>0:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create custom walls</td>
<td>60:00</td>
<td>0:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Add dimensions and tags</td>
<td>30:00</td>
<td>30:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Generate roof</td>
<td>45:00</td>
<td>30:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total time to complete task</td>
<td>265:00</td>
<td>125:00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Time savings with the Architecture toolset** 53%

*(Figures shown in minutes and seconds)*

**Advantages**

- The Architecture toolset provides a huge library of architectural components, including multi-level blocks, which allow for more productivity when setting up your architectural designs. Regular AutoCAD blocks can still be used, but the blocks must be moved and rotated to align with elements such as the structural grid, walls, and dimension annotation. Inserting multi-view blocks (MvBlocks) from AutoCAD DesignCenter will also increase productivity if users use them in their plans. The elevation views will automatically pick the intelligent views of these blocks.
- The XREF Compare function will also allow for the easier comparison of existing and new design revisions of structural grids and wall outlines.

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The benefits of using the Architecture toolset in AutoCAD
Design task 2

Elevations

The task was to create the four primary elevations of the architectural project: north, south, east, and west. The Architecture toolset provides you with the facility to create elevations easily and quickly from the 3D architectural model. In basic AutoCAD, the building plans only existed as 2D drawings, so any elevations or sections must be created by projecting lines from the floor plans, like using a drawing board. Any doors or windows also must be recreated in elevation as new blocks to be inserted into the elevations and/or sections.

Steps:

• Create project geometry (walls, doors, windows) from floor plans
• Create 2D blocks in elevation (doors and windows)
• Complete elevations and adding annotation where required

The benefits of using the Architecture toolset in AutoCAD
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Elevations</th>
<th>AutoCAD</th>
<th>Architecture toolset</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Create project geometry from floor plans</td>
<td>45:00</td>
<td>1:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create 2D blocks of windows and doors for elevations</td>
<td>30:00</td>
<td>0:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Complete elevations</td>
<td>120:00</td>
<td>40:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total time to complete task</td>
<td>195:00</td>
<td>41:00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Time savings with the Architecture toolset** 79%

(Figures shown in minutes and seconds)

**Advantages**

- The Architecture toolset can save vast amounts of tedious 2D editing time that would be required in basic AutoCAD. During this task, it was obvious that building the 3D model with the Architecture toolset would be far more beneficial than trying to create the project from 2D due to the automatic generation of both elevations and sections with the Architecture toolset.

- The Architecture toolset also provides great cataloging tools that allow you to ensure that all fixtures, such as doors and windows, use the appropriate materials as all this information is already associated with them when you bring them from the library into the project. Inserting multi-view blocks (MvBlocks) from DesignCenter will increase productivity if users use them in their plans. The elevation views will automatically pick the intelligent views of these blocks, which can then be brought into the elevations.
Design task 3

Reflected ceiling plans

The task was to generate an arrangement of ceiling grids and light fixtures in the reflected ceiling plan for the project. To do this in basic AutoCAD, the floor plans were copied and layers that would not be needed were either frozen or turned off. A new hatch pattern was then used to represent the ceiling tiles with the perimeter of the ceiling (and any subsequent partitions) outlined with the polyline command.

The light fittings and fixtures were created with dynamic blocks and added to a new tool palette, with the drag-and-drop method being used to add them to the ceiling plan.

The Architecture toolset allows you to create rooms and spaces from the 3D model, automatically creating outlines for rooms which also allows for automatic creation of ceiling grids. The Architecture toolset’s extensive content library provided pre-drawn light fixtures, which could be dragged and dropped into the ceiling grids from AutoCAD DesignCenter with no further editing required.

Steps:

- Draw the ground floor ceiling plan
- Create and add lighting fixtures to the ceiling plan
### Reflected ceiling plans

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>AutoCAD</th>
<th>Architecture toolset</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Create the ground floor ceiling plan</td>
<td>60:00</td>
<td>40:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create and add light fixtures to the ceiling</td>
<td>20:00</td>
<td>20:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total time to complete task</td>
<td>80:00</td>
<td>60:00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Time Savings with the Architecture toolset**  
25%  

(Figures shown in minutes and seconds)

### Advantages

The Architecture toolset provides the following advantages:

- Automatically generates ceiling grids from existing room and space outlines
- Features an extensive content library of pre-drawn lighting fixture blocks
- Automatically inserts lighting fixtures from DesignCenter with no further editing required
- Avoids costly errors
Design task 4
Building sections

Building sections are an important part of construction documentation. The Architecture toolset can create building sections using the 3D model in the same way sections were created in Task 2.

Like in Task 2, the building plans only existed as 2D drawings in basic AutoCAD, so any building sections must be created by projecting lines from the floor plans, like using a drawing board. In this case though, any doors or windows had already been created as blocks to be inserted into the elevations and could be used in the sections.

Steps:

• Create project geometry (walls, doors, windows) from floor plans
• Create additional 2D blocks in section (doors, windows, and walls where applicable)
• Complete sections and add annotation where required
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Building sections</th>
<th>AutoCAD</th>
<th>Architecture toolset</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Create building section going WEST-EAST</td>
<td>110:00</td>
<td>40:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create building section going NORTH-SOUTH</td>
<td>108:00</td>
<td>37:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total time to complete task</td>
<td>218:00</td>
<td>77:00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Time Savings with Architecture toolset** 65%

(Figures shown in minutes and seconds)

**Advantages**

The Architecture toolset offers huge time savings here because:

- Building sections can be created automatically with similar tools to those used for elevations
- Section marks can be straight or staggered
- Building sections (and elevations) can be refreshed should their positioning in the model change
Design task 5

Sheet layouts

The Architecture toolset offers the same sheet set functionality that basic AutoCAD does, so the preparation of sheet layouts for the project in both applications was similar. Once the sheets were generated, files could be dragged and dropped to create viewports of individual project elements such as floor plans, elevations, and sections.

**Steps:**

- Create sheet set for the project
- Create a project cover sheet with a perspective view of the project
- Create sheets for floor plans, ceiling plans, elevations, and sections
- Place appropriate views on sheets
- Create page setups for plotting and printing
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sheet layouts</th>
<th>AutoCAD</th>
<th>Architecture toolset</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Create sheet sets</td>
<td>60:00</td>
<td>06:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create cover sheet (including perspective view)</td>
<td>70:00</td>
<td>25:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create sheets for plans, elevations, and sections</td>
<td>53:00</td>
<td>18:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Place views on sheets</td>
<td>55:00</td>
<td>14:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create page setups</td>
<td>10:00</td>
<td>10:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total time to complete task</td>
<td>248:00</td>
<td>73:00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Time Savings with Architecture toolset** 71%

(Figures shown in minutes and seconds)

**Advantages**

- The project model is in 3D, so no extra drafting is needed to create sheet views, especially the perspective view on the cover sheet
- Any subsequent changes to the sheets can be refreshed and require no re-drafting
- Additional sheet set tools provide productivity gains, saving time on sheet set creation
Design task 6

Details

Architectural construction projects, by their nature, contain many sheets of large-scale details. Often, a single ‘typical’ details sheet is created, rather than numerous time-consuming sheets of every individual detail in the project. This task comprised of creating two wall details: corner and section.

Steps:

- Create an enlarged plan view from which to take the detail views
- Create detail views from the enlarged plan view
- Add detail components to detail and enhance detail views
- Add appropriate view annotation on detail sheets
## Advantages

Creating sections with basic AutoCAD is a time-consuming task, especially in 2D drawings. The Architecture toolset provides substantial time savings, primarily due to the 3D model and pre-designed multi-level blocks in the content library.

- Details are created from 3D model sections where the drawing information is already in place
- Blocks from the content library provide all the necessary graphical information for the details
- The block libraries in the Blocks palette can also be utilized in the Architecture toolset to centralize blocks in the cloud
- Detail components can be added to enhance the detail views

### Time Savings with Architecture toolset

(Figures shown in minutes and seconds)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Details</th>
<th>AutoCAD</th>
<th>Architecture toolset</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Create an enlarged plan view</td>
<td>15:00</td>
<td>10:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create a section through wall corner for detail</td>
<td>90:00</td>
<td>15:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create a section through wall for section detail</td>
<td>45:00</td>
<td>20:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total time to complete task</td>
<td>150:00</td>
<td>45:00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

70%
**Design task 7**

**Schedules**

All construction projects need schedules. This accounts for the necessary building elements, such as windows, doors, and other associated fixtures. Schedules provide the necessary information to cost and catalog a project. Manufacturer, size, description, and item cost can be included.

Basic AutoCAD requires this information in blocks with attributes, and there is no refresh option should that attribute information change. The Architecture toolset content library already has a lot of this information contained in the pre-drawn blocks. If used in the project and changed, a block from the library will trigger the appropriate schedule in the project to be refreshed to show the current details.

**Steps:**

- Add the appropriate tags to windows and doors in a floor plan
- Create a window schedule from the tagged windows
- Add the schedule to the floor plan
- Any updates to the windows will appear on the refreshed schedule
Advantages

The time savings provided by the Architecture toolset are substantial:

- Necessary information for scheduling is already in the pre-drawn content library blocks
- Inserting multi-view blocks (MvBlocks) from DesignCenter will increase productivity, if users use them in their plans
- Schedules are easily created and refreshed
- Schedule styles are automatic, whereas they must be created in basic AutoCAD

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Schedules</th>
<th>AutoCAD</th>
<th>Architecture toolset</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Add tags to floor plan, including windows and doors</td>
<td>25:00</td>
<td>10:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create a window schedule; select windows</td>
<td>35:00</td>
<td>10:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Add schedule to floor plan drawing</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>01:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total time to complete task</td>
<td>60:00</td>
<td>21:00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Time Savings with Architecture toolset**

(Figures shown in minutes and seconds) 65%
Design task 8

Automatic project reports

There will always be changes in architectural projects—it is unavoidable. Typical issues that often come up are changes to the positioning of doors and windows and the positioning of internal partition walls to accommodate the use of the building. In this task, the positioning of some windows and doors were changed, and the subsequent project drawings and sheets were updated to follow suit. The basic AutoCAD drawings did not contain any intelligent objects, so even small changes caused a considerable amount of manual rework. Moving walls, doors, or windows meant adjoining lines must be redrawn.

In the Architecture toolset, intelligent objects maintained their relationships and design changes could be implemented quickly and easily with updates also automatically reflected in elevations, sections, and details.

Steps:

• Reposition/change doors and windows in floor plans
• Update drawings and sheets accordingly
## Advantages

- As you can see, it takes an hour to make the simplest of changes required by this task using basic AutoCAD. That time is halved by using the Architecture toolset, due to the ability to refresh drawings and sheets automatically after any changes are made.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Automatic project reports</th>
<th>AutoCAD</th>
<th>Architecture toolset</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reposition or change doors and windows</td>
<td>30:00</td>
<td>12:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Update drawings by reloading references</td>
<td>15:00</td>
<td>10:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Update sheets to reflect new information</td>
<td>15:00</td>
<td>10:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total time to complete task</td>
<td>60:00</td>
<td>32:00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Time Savings with Architecture toolset**

47%

(Figures shown in minutes and seconds)
Design task 9

Coordination and publishing

The coordination and publishing of an architectural project can be very time-consuming. Architects must ensure that the completed drawings go out on time, that all callouts refer to the proper drawings on the correct sheets, and so on. Then, the drawings go out for production and even the smallest error can be costly.

This task involved implementing some minor modifications to the project drawings, adding additional callouts, and linking them to the appropriate views on the sheets. The project was then published from the available sheet set created.

Steps:

• Add callouts, corrections, and additions to the project drawings
• Publish the project using the sheet set available
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Coordination and publishing</th>
<th>AutoCAD</th>
<th>Architecture toolset</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Add callouts, corrections and additions to drawings</td>
<td>55:00</td>
<td>40:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Publish from project sheet set</td>
<td>20:00</td>
<td>08:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total time to complete task</td>
<td>75:00</td>
<td>48:00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Time Savings with Architecture toolset** 36%

(Figures shown in minutes and seconds)

**Advantages**

- Basic AutoCAD has the same sheet set publishing tools as the Architecture toolset. However, the Architecture toolset does have other publishing tools built-in, which speeds up the publishing process. To save time, the drawings were published as DWF files, a medium developed by Autodesk as a portable document format.

- The DWF files published from the Architecture toolset also contained all the necessary callouts required to link to the elevations, sections, and details in the project, making it easy for the recipient of the files to locate referenced views by clicking on the appropriate callouts.
Conclusion

In this Architecture toolset productivity study, the nine design tasks analyzed were just a few examples of how the Architecture toolset can provide tools and workflows to make you more productive. With the Architecture toolset, it is possible to save about 61% of the 2D CAD working time when compared to basic AutoCAD.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project tasks</th>
<th>AutoCAD</th>
<th>Architecture toolset</th>
<th>Time Savings</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 Floor plans</td>
<td>265:00</td>
<td>125:00</td>
<td>53%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Elevations</td>
<td>195:00</td>
<td>41:00</td>
<td>79%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 Reflected ceiling plans</td>
<td>80:00</td>
<td>60:00</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 Building sections</td>
<td>218:00</td>
<td>77:00</td>
<td>65%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 Sheet layouts</td>
<td>248:00</td>
<td>73:00</td>
<td>71%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 Details</td>
<td>150:00</td>
<td>45:00</td>
<td>70%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 Schedules</td>
<td>60:00</td>
<td>21:00</td>
<td>65%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 Project modifications</td>
<td>60:00</td>
<td>32:00</td>
<td>47%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 Coordination and publishing</td>
<td>75:00</td>
<td>48:00</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total time</strong></td>
<td><strong>1351:00</strong></td>
<td><strong>522:00</strong></td>
<td><strong>61%</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Figures shown in minutes and seconds)

The advantages of the Architecture toolset

Based on these nine selected tasks, the Architecture toolset provides a level of productivity for architects that is not possible with general-purpose CAD applications such as basic AutoCAD. Because the Architecture toolset is built specifically for architectural design, you could realize immediate and substantial productivity benefits such as the ones discussed in this paper.

*As with all performance tests, results may vary based on machine, operating system, filters, and even source material. While every effort has been made to make the tests as fair and objective as possible, your results may differ. Product information and specifications are subject to change without notice. Autodesk provides this information “as is”, without warranty of any kind, either express or implied.